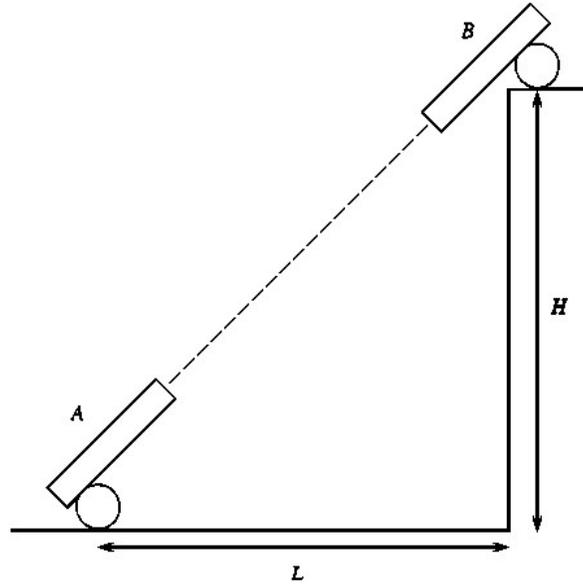


**FP1**

Cannon  $A$  is located on a plain a distance  $L$  from a wall of height  $H$ . On top of this wall is an identical cannon (cannon  $B$ ). Ignore air resistance throughout this problem. Also ignore the size of the cannons relative to  $L$  and  $H$ .



- (3 points) The two groups of gunners aim the cannons directly at each other. They fire at each other simultaneously, with equal muzzle speeds  $v_0$ . What is the value  $v_{min}$  of  $v_0$  for which the two cannon balls collide just as they hit the ground?
- (3 points) Describe what happens for muzzle velocities greater than  $v_{min}$  and less than  $v_{min}$ ?
- (2 points) Cannon  $B$  breaks, and the gunners don't know how to fix it, so they decide to use a large sling, which hurls rocks. The sling has a radius of 5 m, rotates at 10 revolutions/minute, and hurls objects out in the direction of cannon  $A$  with a purely horizontal velocity. If  $H = 1\text{km}$ , where will the projectiles from this sling land?
- (2 points) The rocks from the sling fall short of the location of cannon  $A$ , hitting the plain at a distance only  $1/4$  of the way from the base of the wall to cannon  $A$ . Assuming that the sling can only hurl rocks with a horizontal velocity, but has an angular velocity adjustable smaller or larger by a factor of two and a radius adjustable smaller or larger by the same factor, how can the sling be adjusted so that the rocks hit cannon  $A$ , or is this impossible to do with the sling?