



Characterization of Three LYSO Crystal Batches

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Introduction



- Three LYSO crystal batches were characterized at Caltech crystal laboratory for future HEP experiments:
 - Twelve 13 cm long crystals for the Mu2e experiment;
 - Twenty-five 20 cm long crystals for the SuperB experiment; and
 - 623 plates of 14 x 14 x 1.5 mm with five holes for the LYSO/W Shashlik beam test at Fermilab.
- Properties measured : Longitudinal Transmittance (LT), Light Output (LO), FWHM Energy Resolution (ER) and Light Response Uniformity (LRU).
- Correlations between optical and scintillation properties were investigated.





ID	Dimension (mm ³)	Polish	Amount
SIC- 1 to 10	30 × 30 × 130	All faces	10
SIC-11,12	Hexagon 18.6× 130	All faces	2

Ten square & two hexagonal



Vender	Dimension (mm³)	Polished	Amount
Saint Gobain	20 ² ×23 ² ×200	All faces	12
SIC	20 ² ×23 ² ×200	All faces	3
SIPAT	20 ² ×23 ² ×200	All faces	10



LT and EWLT



EWLT (*emission weighted longitudinal transmittance*):

 $EWLT = \frac{\int LT(\lambda) Em(\lambda) d\lambda}{\int Em(\lambda) d\lambda}$



LT approaches the theoretical limit, indicating good optical quality



Summary of LT @ 420 nm



LT@ 420 nm better than 75% specification Consistent LT between square and hexagon





Summary of EWLT



Consistent EWLT of square and hexagonal crystals



LO & FWHM: by R1306 PMT





Sample wrapped by two layers of Tyvek paper

One end coupled to

Hamamatsu R1306 PMT or 2 x Hamamatsu S8664-55 APD

With DC-200 grease coupling

200 ns integration gate Coincidence trigger from a Na-22 source



γ rays

Light output and FWHM energy resolution are measurement at seven points



Pulse Height Spectra





FWHM resolution better than 12.5% specification



Summary of Light Output

Divergence of LO < 6% observed. Saint-Gobain crystals have the best consistency at 3%. Square samples seem having higher LO than hexagonal ones, which is to be further investigated.





Summary of FWHM Resolution



Saint-Gobain crystals have the best resolution & consistency





Correlation: T @ 420 nm versus LO



CC, *correlation coefficient*, is a measure of the correlation and defined by: $CC = \frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})(y - \overline{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2 \sum (y - \overline{y})^2}}$

Correlation observed between T @ 420 nm and LO





Decay Time



Hexagonal samples have shorter decay time because of less bouncing





Correlation: Decay Time versus LO



Correlation between LO and decay time because of light propagation



623 Plates of 14 x 14 x 1.5 mm with 5 Holes



ID	Dimension (mm ³)	Received date	Polished	Amount
LYSO SIC	14×14×1.5	2/26/2014	All faces	623



Summary of LO & Resolution



Two groups with 15% difference in LO and about 3.4% spread observed The average LO/resolution is 3,284/9.1% and 2,793 /11.6%





PHS & Decay Kinetics



Consistent resolution (10%) decay time (40 ns) observed





Transmittance



Good transmittance approaches the theoretical limit





Summary of T@420 nm & EWLT



Most plates have consistent T@420 nm (83%) and EWLT (80%)





Plates with low LO show poor resolution



No correlation between LO and transmittance because of short light path



Conclusion



- LYSO crystals produced in industry show good transmittance exceeding 75% specification @ 420 nm and good FWHM energy resolution better than 12.5% specification @ 511 keV.
- Typical LO spread is at a level of 6%, which may be reduced to about 3% in mass production.
- Correlations are observed between LO and LT @ 420 nm as well as between LO and decay time for long LYSO crystals.
- A slight anti-correlation observed between LO and energy resolution for 14 x 14 x 15 mm LYSO plates.
- Results of these investigations indicate that the quality LYSO crystals grown in industry is adequate for future HEP calorimeters at both the energy and intensity frontiers.