



Result of Eight 2019 BTL LYSO Bars after 5.1 Mrad, 3.2×10¹⁴ n_{eq}/cm², and 1.9×10¹³ p/cm²

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BTL LYSO Bars from 8 Vendors



9 10 11 12	13 14 15 16	17 18	19 20 21 22				
ID	Dimension (mm ³)	#	Polishing				
BTL LYSO bar-1,8	3.12x3.75x57	8	All faces				
Received on Dec 4th, 2019. Poor surface quality observed for some samples							
Sent to ITA: 4/30/20, 1.9×10 ¹³ p/cm ² : 6/16/21, back to Caltech: 7/22/21							

Experiments

Longitudinal transmittance (LT), light output (LO) and decay time (τ) measured before and after 5.1 Mrad, $3.2 \times 10^{14} n_{eq}$ /cm² and $1.9 \times 10^{13} p$ /cm²

LT/LO/τ, RIN, PL@-35/-60 °C, 5.1 Mrad, 3.2×10¹⁴ n_{eq}/cm², and ITA reported on 1/22/20, 3/31/20, 7/22/20, 8/26/20, 5/19/21 and 7/7/21, respectively



Error Weighted Average Fluence



Fluence: error weighted average of Be-7 & Na-22 from activated Al foils Eight 2019 BTL LYSO bars in the G3 group in Liyuan's report on 3/18/22

Group	Front EW Avg Fluence (cm ⁻²)	± Error (cm ⁻²)	Back EW Avg Fluence (cm ⁻²)	± Error (cm ⁻²)	Average Fluence (cm ⁻²)	± Error (cm ⁻²)
1	2.16E+13	7.2E+11	1.59E+13	6.9E+11	1.88E+13	5.0E+11
2	1.43E+13	6.8E+11	9.49E+12	7.1E+11	1.19E+13	4.9E+11
3	1.91E+13	7.6E+11	1.30E+13	7.5E+11	1.61E+13	5.3E+11

Fluence: 2.2, 1.4 and 1.9×10¹³ respectively for G1, G2 and G3

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Transmittance for 8 2019 Bars



Radio-luminescence weighted longitudinal transmittance (EWLT) Radiation induced absorption coefficient (EWRIAC)



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Light Output for 8 2019 Samples



LYSO bars with an air gap coupling to R1306 PMT triggered by a Na-22 source at the center



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Light Output vs EWLT & EWRIAC



Good correlations between LO, EWLT and EWRIAC indicate that LO loss Is due to radiation induced absorption with a mean light path of 9 cm



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Normalized EWLT and EWRIAC



 γ -rays: Average EWLT: -5.7%; Average EWRIAC: 1.0 m⁻¹ γ -ray + neutrons: Average EWLT: -12.0%; Average EWRIAC: 2.3 m⁻¹ γ + n + protons: Average EWLT: -12.8%; Average EWRIAC: 2.4 m⁻¹



Normalized Light Output and τ



 γ -rays: Average δ LO/LO = -9.7%; Average $\delta \tau/\tau$ = -0.9% γ -ray + neutrons: Average δ LO/LO = -17.0%; Average $\delta \tau/\tau$ = -0.2% γ + n + protons: Average δ LO/LO = -18.3%; Average $\delta \tau/\tau$ = -0.5%



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Average LO/τ for Timing



Average LO/ τ degrades by 8.9/17.1/17.8 % after $\gamma/\gamma+n/\gamma+n+p$, indicating a less than 5/10/10 % degradation in timing resolution





Summary



LT, EWRIAC, LO and τ were measured for eight 2019 LYSO bars from different vendors after 5.1 Mrad at Caltech, 3.2×10¹⁴ n_{eq}/cm² at Lowell, and 1.9×10¹³ p/cm² at Fermilab ITA.

Proton induced LO loss is due to induced absorption with 9 cm path length, consistent with γ -ray and neutron data.

The average variation of EWRIAC, LO and LO/ τ after γ + neutron + proton irradiation is 2.4 m⁻¹, -18.3% and -17.8% respectively for 8 vendors. The overall degradation in timing resolution is 9.3% with a divergence of 8% for eight LYSO vendors.

Additional proton irradiation is planned at LANSCE with 800 MeV proton beam.

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