

An hour glass of sand sits on a scale. Initially all the sand (of total mass m) in the glass (of mass M) is held in the upper reservoir. At t = 0, the sand is released and it falls at a constant rate  $dm/dt = \lambda$  to the bottom of the lower reservoir, as shown. Find the reading of the scale as a function of time.

- a) (1 point) From the time t = 0 at which the sand is released, until the time  $t = t_1$  at which it starts to arrive at the bottom of the reservoir.
- b) (1 point) From  $t = t_1$  until the time  $t = t_2$  at which all of the sand has left the upper reservoir.
- c) (1 point) From  $t = t_2$  until the time  $t = t_3$  at which all the sand has reached the bottom.
- d) (1 point) For all times  $t > t_3$ .
- e) (1 point) Sketch the reading of the scale as a function of time, assuming that m < M.