

# Homotopy classes of paths

path:  $\gamma: [0,1] \rightarrow X$  contin  $\gamma(0) = x_0$   $\gamma(1) = x_1$

htpy  $\gamma, \gamma': [0,1] \rightarrow X$   $H: [0,1] \times [0,1] \rightarrow X$   $\gamma(0) = \gamma'(0) = x_0$   
 $\gamma(1) = \gamma'(1) = x_1$   
 $H(s,0) = \gamma(s)$   $H(s,1) = \gamma'(s)$

if also  $H(0,t) = x_0 \forall t$   $H(1,t) = x_1 \forall t$

htpy through paths from  $x_0$  to  $x_1$

Equivalence relation refl. of constant  $H(s,t) = \gamma(s) \forall t$

Symm:  $H(s,1-t)$

transitivity:  $\gamma_1 \xrightarrow{H'} \gamma_2$   $\gamma_2 \xrightarrow{H''} \gamma_3$

$$H(s,t) = \begin{cases} H'(s, 2t) & 0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ H''(s, 2t-1) & \frac{1}{2} \leq t \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

at  $t = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $H'(s,1) = \gamma'(s) = H''(s,0)$

$[\gamma]$  equivalence classes of paths in  $X$  up to homotopy

Product structure:

$\gamma$  path from  $x_0$  to  $x_1$   $\gamma'$  path from  $x_1$  to  $x_2$

$$\gamma * \gamma'(s) = \begin{cases} \gamma(2s) & 0 \leq s \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ \gamma'(2s-1) & \frac{1}{2} \leq s \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

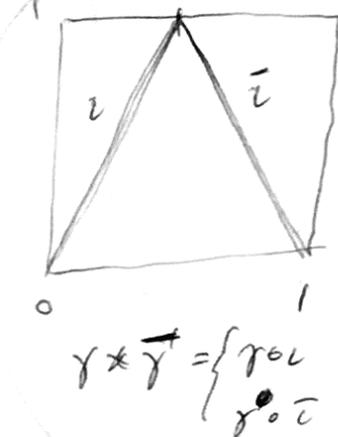
this product is compatible with equivalence by htpy

$$[\gamma] * [\gamma'] = [\gamma * \gamma'] \quad \gamma \stackrel{H}{\sim} \tilde{\gamma} \quad \gamma' \stackrel{H'}{\sim} \tilde{\gamma}'$$

using homotopy

$$\tilde{H}(s,t) = \begin{cases} H(2s,t) & 0 \leq s \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ H'(2s-1,t) & \frac{1}{2} \leq s \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\gamma * \gamma' \stackrel{H}{\sim} \tilde{\gamma} * \tilde{\gamma}'$$



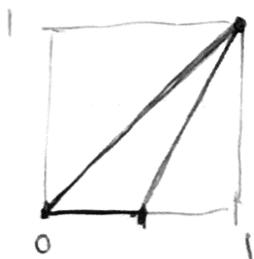
Properties of this product:

- identity elements (left/right)

$\gamma$  path from  $x_0$  to  $x_1$

$e_{x_i}$  = constant path at  $x_i$

$$[\gamma] * [e_{x_0}] = [\gamma] \quad \& \quad [e_{x_1}] * [\gamma] = [\gamma]$$



~~$$I \xrightarrow{\gamma} X$$~~

precomp-w/  
htpy ~~of~~ between paths  
in ~~I~~

- inverses  $\neq [\gamma] \circ [\bar{\gamma}]$  reverse orient. path

$$\text{s.t. } [\gamma] * [\bar{\gamma}] = [e_{x_0}] \quad \text{and} \quad [\bar{\gamma}] * [\gamma] = [e_{x_1}]$$

htpy of paths in  $I$  between  $1$  or  $0$  and constant paths at  $0$   
composed w/  $\gamma$  gives htpy to  $e_{x_0}$  similar for second case

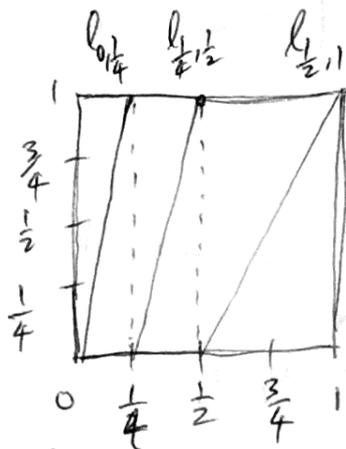
• associativity

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$$([\gamma_1] * [\gamma_2]) * [\gamma_3] = [\gamma_1] * ([\gamma_2] * [\gamma_3])$$

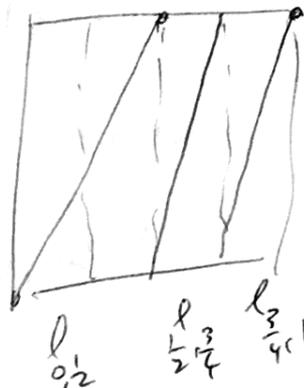
htpy class of paths

- $\gamma_1 \circ l_{0,1/4}$
- $\gamma_2 \circ l_{1/4,1/2}$
- $\gamma_3 \circ l_{1/2,1}$

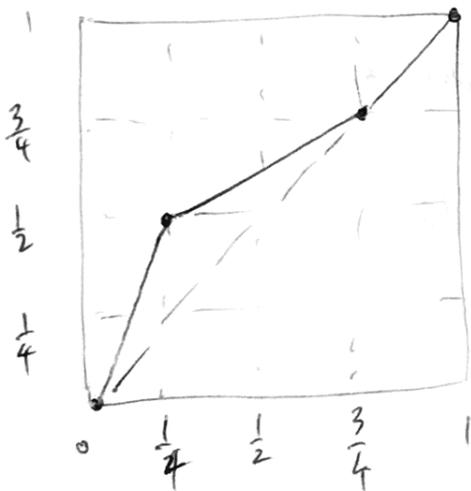


$$= \underline{\gamma \circ l}$$

- $\gamma_1 \circ l_{0,1/2}$
- $\gamma_2 \circ l_{1/2,3/4}$
- $\gamma_3 \circ l_{3/4,1}$



$$= \underline{\gamma \circ \tilde{l}}$$



$$p: I \rightarrow I$$

$$p \circ l = \tilde{l}$$

$H =$  homotopy of paths in  $I$   
between  $p$  and  $p_0(s) = s$

$\underline{\gamma} \circ H \circ \underline{l}$  is htpy between  $\underline{\gamma} \circ \underline{l}$  and  $\underline{\gamma} \circ \tilde{l}$

so between  $(\gamma_1 * \gamma_2) * \gamma_3$  and  $\gamma_1 * (\gamma_2 * \gamma_3)$

Set of htpy classes of paths in  $X$  with  $*$  operation

Groupoid

= a category where every morphism is an isomorphism

$\pi_1(X)$

$\pi_1(X)$  groupoid

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$\text{Obj}(\pi_1(X)) = \{x \in X\}$  pts of  $X$

$\text{Mor}_{\pi_1(X)}(x, y) = \{ [\gamma] \text{ htpy classes} \mid \gamma: [0,1] \rightarrow X \}$   
 $\gamma(0) = x \quad \gamma(1) = y$

• composition of morphisms

$$\text{Mor}_{\pi_1(X)}(x, y) \times \text{Mor}_{\pi_1(X)}(y, z) \rightarrow \text{Mor}_{\pi_1(X)}(x, z)$$
$$[\gamma_1] \quad [\gamma_2] \mapsto [\gamma_1] * [\gamma_2]$$

associativity of composition  $\circ K$

• identity morphism = constant paths  $[e_x]$

• groupoid: all morphisms are invertible  
w/ inverse  $[\bar{\gamma}]$

$\pi_1(X)$  = fundamental groupoid of  $X$

$\pi_1$  functor

$\pi_1: \text{Top} \rightarrow \text{Groupoids}$

$X \mapsto \pi_1(X)$

Groupoids category of groupoids  
morphisms = functors between groupoids

$f: X \rightarrow Y \mapsto f_*: \pi_1(X) \rightarrow \pi_1(Y)$

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  cont. function

$$f_*: \pi_1(X) \rightarrow \pi_1(Y)$$

$$\gamma: [0,1] \rightarrow X \quad f \circ \gamma: [0,1] \rightarrow Y$$

if  $\gamma \sim_H \gamma'$  then  $f \circ \gamma \sim_H f \circ \gamma'$  so  $f_*[\gamma] \mapsto [f \circ \gamma]$

$$f_*([\gamma_1] * [\gamma_2]) = f_*[\gamma_1] * f_*[\gamma_2]$$

$$f \circ \begin{cases} \gamma_1 \circ l_{0, \frac{1}{2}} \\ \gamma_2 \circ l_{\frac{1}{2}, 1} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} (f \circ \gamma_1) \circ l_{0, \frac{1}{2}} \\ (f \circ \gamma_2) \circ l_{\frac{1}{2}, 1} \end{cases}$$

So  $f_*$  is a functor from  $\pi_1(X)$  to  $\pi_1(Y)$

objects:  $x \in X \mapsto f(x) \in Y$

morphism  $[\gamma] \mapsto [f \circ \gamma]$  from  $f(x)$  to  $f(y)$   
 $\gamma(0) = x, \gamma(1) = y$

compatible w/ composition of morphisms & id morphisms

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A group  $G$  is a groupoid w/ a single object

# Fundamental group

$x_0 \in X$  a chosen pt.

$$\pi_1(X, x_0) = \{ [\gamma] : \gamma = [\gamma_1] \rightarrow X \quad \gamma(0) = \gamma(1) = x_0 \}$$

homotopy classes of loops in  $X$

(not all paths: same initial & final pt.)

w/ same prod  $*$  is a group

Not a functor from  $\text{Top}$  to  $\text{Groups}$  because of dep. on  $x_0$

$\text{Top}_*$  = category of pointed topological spaces

objects  $(X, x_0)$  pairs of top space  $(X, \mathcal{T}_X)$   
and a choice of a  
base pt.  $x_0 \in X$

morphisms

$$\text{Mor}_{\text{Top}_*}((X, x_0), (Y, y_0)) = \left\{ f: X \rightarrow Y \text{ contin.} \right. \\ \left. \text{st. } f(x_0) = y_0 \right\}$$

Different categorical properties w/resp. to  $\text{Top}$

e.g. in  $\text{Top}_*$   $(\{*\}, *)$  is a "zero object"

both initial & terminal  
but  $\text{Top}$  does not have 0-obj.

$\pi_1$  functor  $\pi_1: \text{Top}_* \longrightarrow \text{Groups}$   
Fundamental group

More on pointed topological spaces  $\text{Top}_*$

- Coproduct (wedge product)

$$(X, x_0) \cup (Y, y_0) = X \cup Y / \sim$$

notation:  $(X, x_0) \vee (Y, y_0)$    
 = disj. union = Coprod in Sets (and in Top)   
 equiv. rel.  $x_0 \sim y_0$    
 base pt identified

e.g.  $(S^1, 1) \cup (S^1, 1)$



one-pt-union of two circles

- product  $(X, x_0) \times (Y, y_0) = (X \times Y, (x_0, y_0))$    
 (just ordinary prod of top. sp. w/ ~~base pt.~~)

univ. property of coprod

$$\exists \text{ inclusions } (X, x_0) \xrightarrow{i_X} (X, x_0) \vee (Y, y_0) \xleftarrow{i_Y} (Y, y_0)$$

(as morphisms of pointed top spaces) s.t.

given maps in  $\text{Top}_*$

$$f: (X, x_0) \rightarrow (Z, z_0) \quad (f(x_0) = z_0)$$

$$g: (Y, y_0) \rightarrow (Z, z_0) \quad (g(y_0) = z_0)$$

then they can be glued together to map

$$f \vee g: (X, x_0) \vee (Y, y_0) \rightarrow (Z, z_0) \quad \text{since they have } f(x_0) = g(y_0)$$

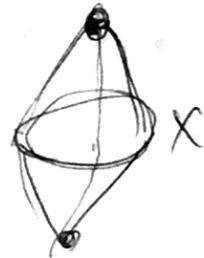
• Smash product in  $Top_*$

$$(X, x_0) \wedge (Y, y_0) = X \times Y / (X \times \{y_0\} \cup \{x_0\} \times Y) \\ = X \times Y / X \vee Y$$

better categorical property than just prod  
(product/Hom adjunction)

reduced suspension  $\Sigma X = X \wedge S^1 = X \times S^1 / (X \times \{1\} \cup \{x_0\} \times S^1)$

suspension  $SX = X \times I / \sim$   
 $(x, 0) \sim (x', 0)$   
 $(x, 1) \sim (x', 1)$



respectively in  $Top_*$  and in  $Top$

based loop  $\Omega X = \text{Mor}_{Top_*}(S^1, (X, x_0))$

"compact-open topology" on

$\text{Mor}_{Top_*}(S^1, (X, x_0))$

subbasis of topology

sets  $\mathcal{J}(K, U)$   $K \subset S^1$  compact  
 $U \subset X$  open

this is a set; need a topology to think of  $\Omega X$  as object in  $Top_*$

(based pt = constant loop at  $x_0$ )

$\mathcal{J}(K, U) = \{f \in \text{Mor}_{Top_*}(S^1, X) \mid f(K) \subset U\}$

# Suspension - loop adjunction

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$$\text{Top}_* \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{\Omega} \\ \xrightarrow{\Sigma} \end{array} \text{Top}_*$$

$$\text{Mor}_{\text{Top}_*}(\Sigma X, Y) \cong \text{Mor}_{\text{Top}_*}(X, \Omega Y)$$

$f: \Sigma X \rightarrow Y$  take  $x \in X$  and  $\{x\} \times I$  set in  $X \times I$

$\{x\} \times S^1$  in ptcd case

image under  $f$  of this  $\{x\} \times S^1$  is a loop in  $Y$  based at  $f(x)$

$$\begin{array}{c} \gamma: S^1 \rightarrow Y \\ \cup \\ \{x\} \times S^1 \end{array} \quad \gamma(t) = f(\text{ptd case})(x, t)$$

homotopy classes of maps (compatible w/ homotopies)

$$[\Sigma X, Y] \cong [X, \Omega Y]$$

in particular

higher homotopy groups

$$\pi_n X := [S^n, X]$$

$n$ -sphere  $S^n \cong \Sigma S^{n-1}$

$$= [S^{n-1}, \Omega X] = \pi_{n-1} \Omega X$$