

**Math 120c**  
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**Coursework 4**  
**Due: 5th May 2003**

1. Compute the Galois groups of
  - (a)  $x^3 - 15$  over  $\mathbf{Q}$ ,
  - (b)  $x^3 - 21x + 7$  over  $\mathbf{Q}$ ,
  - (c)  $x^3 - 15$  over  $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{3})$ ,
  - (d)  $x^4 - 13$  over  $\mathbf{Q}$ ,  $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{13})$ ,  $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{-13})$ , and  $\mathbf{Q}(i)$ .
2. Let  $K = \mathbf{C}(t)$ , where  $t$  is an indeterminate. Calculate the Galois groups over  $K$  of the splitting fields of
  - (a)  $X^3 + X + t$ ,
  - (b)  $X^3 + tX + 1$ ,
  - (c)  $X^3 + t^2X - t^3$ .
3. Let  $f(x) = x^4 + ax^2 + b \in \mathbf{Q}[x]$ . Let  $\pm\alpha$  and  $\pm\beta$  be the roots of  $f$ , let  $K$  be the splitting field over  $\mathbf{Q}$  and let  $G$  be the Galois group.  
Show that
  - (a)  $G$  is isomorphic to the dihedral group of order 8.
  - (b)  $G \cong \mathbf{Z}/4\mathbf{Z}$  if and only if

$$\frac{\alpha}{\beta} - \frac{\beta}{\alpha} \in \mathbf{Q}.$$

- (c)  $G \cong \mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z}$  if and only if either  $\alpha\beta \in \mathbf{Q}$  or  $\alpha^2 - \beta^2 \in \mathbf{Q}$ .